Extract for Race Category 3 Monohulls with Life Raft JANUARY 2018- DECEMBER 2019

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Because this is an extract not all paragraph numbers will be present

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Official interpretations shall take precedence over these Special Regulations and will be indexed, numbered, dated and displayed on the World Sailing web site www.sailing.org/specialregs

Language & Abbreviations Used

Mo - Monohull

Mu - Multihull

" ** " means the item applies to all types of boat in all Categories except 5 for which see Appendix B or 6 for which see Appendix C.

RED TYPE indicates significant changes in 2019

1.01

Guidance notes and recommendations have been removed from the Regulations and are available on www.sailing.org/documents/offshorespecialregs/index.php

The use of the masculine gender shall be taken to mean either gender

Purpose and Use

Administration

The Offshore Special Regulation are administered by the World Sailing Special Regulation Sub-Committee whose terms of reference are as follows: (www.sailing.org/regulations)

World Sailing Regulation 6.9.8.3 - The Special Regulations Sub-Committee shall: (a) be responsible for the maintenance, revision and changes to the World Sailing Offshore Special Regulations governing offshore racing, under licence from ORC Ltd. Such changes shall be biennial with revised editions published in January of each even year, except that matters of an urgent nature affecting safety may be dealt with by changes to the Regulations on a shorter time scale; (b) monitor developments in offshore racing relative to the standards of safety and seaworthiness.

Any queries please E-Mail: technical@sailing.org

SECTION 1 - FUNDAMENTAL AND DEFINITIONS

**	1.02.1	Under RRS 4 the responsibility for a boat's decision to participate in a
	1.02	Responsibility of Person in Charge
		course. This is not included in more onerous OSR categories.
		includes that adequate shelter and or effective rescue is available all along the
		Particular attention is drawn to the description of OSRs for inshore racing which
**	1.01.3	Use of the OSR does not guarantee total safety of the boat and her crew.
		Sailing (RRS), Equipment Rules of Sailing(ERS), class rules and Rating Systems.
		governmental authority, Classification Society certification, the Racing Rules of
**	1.01.2	The OSR do not replace, but rather supplement, the requirements of
		multihull (excluding proa) boats racing offshore.
		minimum equipment, accommodation and training standards for monohull and
**	1.01.1	The purpose of the Offshore Special Regulations (OSR) is to establish uniform
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race or continue racing is hers alone. The safety of a boat and her crew is the sole and inescapable responsibility of the Person in Charge who shall do his best to ensure that the boat is fully found, thoroughly seaworthy and manned by an experienced and appropriately trained crew who are physically fit to face bad weather. The person in charge shall also assign a person to take over his responsibilities in the event of his incapacitation.

1.02.2 Neither the establishment of the OSR, nor their use by Organizing Authorities, nor the inspection of a boat under the OSR in any way limits or reduces the complete and unlimited responsibility of the Person in Charge.

1.02.3 By participating in a race conducted under the OSR, the person in charge, each competitor and boat owner agrees to reasonably cooperate with the organizing authority and World Sailing in the development of an independent incident report as specified in 2.02

1.03 **Definitions, Abbreviations, Word Usage**

1.03.1 Definitions of Terms used in this document

Abbreviation Description Pound force (lbf)

CEN

ABS American Bureau of Shipping Month/year of first launch Age Date **AIS Automatic Identification Systems**

Comité Européen de Normalisation The part of the cockpit, including the transverse after limit, over which Coaming

water would run when the boat is floating level and the cockpit is filled

to overflowing

International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea **COLREGS**

A cockpit where the combined area open aft to the sea is less than Contained

Cockpit 50% maximum cockpit depth x maximum cockpit width

CPR Cardio-Pulmonary Resuscitation

Crewmember Every person on board **DSC** Digital Selective Calling

ΕN European Norm

EPIRB Emergency Position-Indicating Radio Beacon World Sailing - Equipment Rules of Sailing **ERS**

FA Station The transverse station at which the upper corner of the transom meets

the sheerline.

First Launch Month & year of first launch of the individual boat

Foul-Weather Clothing designed to keep the wearer dry and may consist of one piece

Suit or several

GMDSS Global Maritime Distress & Safety System

GNSS Global Navigation Satellite System

GPS Global Positioning System

The term hatch includes the entire hatch assembly including the lid or Hatch

cover as part of that assembly

HMPE High Modulus Polyethylene (Dyneema®/Spectra® or equivalent)

IMO **International Maritime Organisation**

The International Mobile Satellite Organisation, the independent, **IMSO**

> intergovernmental organisation that oversees Inmarsat's performance of its Public Service Obligations for the GMDSS and reports on these to

INMARSAT Inmarsat Global Limited is the private company that provides GMDSS

satellite distress and safety communications, plus general

communications via voice, fax and data

ISAF International Sailing Federation- (now World Sailing)

ISO International Standard Organization or International Organization for

Standardization.

ITU **International Telecommunications Union**

Jackstay A securely fastened webbing or rope which permits a crewmember to

move from one part of the boat to another without having to unclip a

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safety harness tether.

LH Hull Length as defined by the ERS

Lifeline Rope or wire line rigged as guardrail / guardline around the deck

LSA IMO International Life-Saving Appliance Code

LWL (Length of) loaded waterline

Monohull A boat with one hull

Moveable Material carried for the sole purpose of increasing weight and/or Ballast influencing stability and/or trim and which may be moved transversely

but not varied in weight while a boat is racing

Multihull A boat with more than one hull

Open Cockpit A cockpit that is not a Contained Cockpit.

ORC Offshore Racing Congress (formerly Offshore Racing Council)

OSR Offshore Special Regulation(s)

Permanently The item is effectively built-in by e.g. bolting, welding, glassing etc.

Installed and may not be removed for or during racing.

PLB Personal Locator Beacon

Primary Month & Year of first launch of the first boat of the production series or

Launch first launch of a non-series boat

Proa Asymmetric Catamaran

Rode Rope, chain, or a combination of both, which is used to connect an

anchor to the boat.

RRS ISAF - Racing Rules of Sailing

Safety Line A tether used to connect a safety harness to a strong point

SAR Search and Rescue

SART Search and Rescue Transponder

Securely Held strongly in place by a method (e.g. rope lashings, wing-nuts) Fastened which will safely retain the fastened object in severe conditions

including a 180° capsize and allows for the item to be removed and

replaced during racing

SOLAS Safety of Life at Sea Convention

SSS The Safety and Stability Screening numeral

Static Ballast Material carried for the sole purpose of increasing weight and/or to

influencing stability and/or trim and which is not moved or varied in

weight while a boat is racing

Static Safety A safety line (usually shorter than a safety line carried with a harness)

Line kept clipped on at a work-station STIX ISO 12217-2 Stability Index

Variable Ballast Water carried for the sole purpose of influencing stability and/or trim

and which may be varied in weight and/or moved while a boat is

racing.

Waterline The water surface when the boat is floating in measurement trim

World Sailing formerly the International Sailing Federation or ISAF

1.03.2 The words "shall" and "must" are mandatory, and "should" and "may" are

permissive.

1.03.3 The word "yacht" shall be taken as fully interchangeable with the word "boat".

SECTION 2 - APPLICATION & GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

2.01 Categories of Events

Organizing Authorities shall select from one of the following categories and may modify the OSR to suit local conditions

2.01.4 Category 3

MoMu3 Races across open water, most of which is relatively protected or close to shorelines.

2.02 Incident Reporting

The Organizing Authority of a race will establish whether any incidents occurred, which if reported would be likely to be relevant to evolving the Offshore Special Regulations, the plan review process, or in increasing safety. The Organizing Authority will follow any guidelines issued by World Sailing concerning incident reporting.

2.03 Inspection

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**		A boat may be inspected at any time. If she fails to comply with the OSR her
		entry may be rejected or she will be subject to protest
	2.04	General Requirements
**	2.04.1	All equipment required by OSR shall:
**	a)	function properly
**	b)	be regularly checked, cleaned and serviced
**	c)	when not in use be stowed in conditions in which deterioration is minimised
**	d)	be readily accessible
**	e)	be of a type, size and capacity suitable and adequate for the intended use and
ale ale	2012	size of the boat.
**	2.04.2	Heavy items shall be permanently installed or securely fastened
**	STRUCTU	RAL FEATURES, STABILITY, FIXED EQUIPMENT
ጥጥ	2.01	A boat shall be/have:
**	3.01	Strength of Build and Rig
**	3.01.1	Properly rigged, fully seaworthy and shall meet the OSR
ተጥ	3.01.2	Equipped with shrouds and at least one forestay that shall remain connected to
	2.02	the mast and the boat while racing
**	3.02	Watertight Integrity of a Boat
1.1.	3.02.1	Essentially watertight and all openings shall be capable of being immediately
		secured. Centreboard, daggerboard trunks and the like shall not open into the
		interior of a hull except via a watertight maintenance hatch with the opening entirely above the Waterline
	3.04	Stability - Monohulls
Mo3	3.04.1	Able to demonstrate compliance with ISO 12217-2* design category B or higher,
1103	3.07.1	either by EC Recreational Craft Directive certification having obtained the CE
		mark or the designer's declaration
		* The latest effective version of ISO 12217-2 should be used unless the boat was
		already designed to a previous version
Mo0,1,2,3	3.04.2	Where compliance in accordance with 3.04.1 cannot be demonstrated, able to
00/1/2/3	5.0	demonstrate either:
Mo3	a)	i a STIX value not less than 23; and
Mo3	/	ii AVS not less than $130 - 0.005*m$, but always $>= 95°$, (where "m" is the mass
		of the boat in the minimum operating condition as defined by ISO 12217-2); and
Mo3		iii a minimum righting energy not less than m*AGZ>57000 (where AGZ is the
		positive area under the righting lever curve in the minimum operating condition,
		expressed in kg metre degrees from upright to AVS); or
Extract Mo3	b)	Stability Index in ORC Rating System of not less than 103; or
Extract Mo3	c)	IRC SSS Base value of not less than 15
	3.06	Exits - Monohulls
Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.06.1	At least two exits if 8.5 m (28') LH and greater and with a Primary Launch after
		1994. One exit shall be located forward of the foremost mast except where
		structural features prevent its installation
Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.06.2	The following minimum clear hatch openings if First Launch after 2013:
Mo0,1,2,3,4	a)	a circular hatch with diameter 450 mm (18"); or
Mo0,1,2,3,4	b)	any other shape with minimum dimension of 380 mm (15") and minimum area of
		0.18 m ² (1.9 ft ²) (see figure 1)
Mo0,1,2,3,4		700
		380
		(+)

Figure 1 - Measurements of Minimum Clear Opening

3.08 Hatches & Companionways

3.08.1 Hatch covers forward of the maximum beam station shall not open toward the interior of the boat, except hatches in the side of a coachroof or ports having an area of less than 0.071 m² (110 in²)

**	3.08.2	A hatch, including a hatch over a locker shall be:
**	a)	permanently attached and capable of being firmly shut immediately and
Mo0,1,2,3,4	b)	remaining firmly shut in a 180° capsize above the water when the boat is heeled 90°
Mo0,1,2,3,4	U)	A boat may have a maximum of two hatches on each side of centerline that do
. 100/1/2/0/		not conform to the requirement in b), provided that the opening of each is less
		than 0.071 ² m (110 in ²)
	3.08.3	Hatches not conforming with 3.08.1 and 3.08.2 shall be clearly labelled and used
I		in accordance with the following instruction "NOT TO BE OPENED AT SEA"
** **	3.08.4	Companionway hatches:
<i>ተ</i> ተ	a)	fitted with a strong securing arrangement which shall be operable from the exterior and interior even when the boat is inverted
**	b)	blocking devices:
**	i	capable of being retained in position with the hatch open or shut
**	ii	secured to the boat (e.g. by lanyard) for the duration of the race
**	iii	permit exit in the event of inversion
Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.08.5	if a monohull with Open Cockpit(s):
Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.08.5	a companionway sill that does not extend below the local sheerline; or
MaO 1 2 2 4	a)	a companion was in full compliance with ICO 11012 antenna. A
Mo0,1,2,3,4 Mo0,1,2,3,4	b) 3.08.6	a companionway in full compliance with ISO 11812 category A if a monohull with Contained Cockpit(s) where the companionway extends below
1100,1,2,3,7	3.00.0	the local sheerline, panels capable of blocking the companionway up to the level
		of the local sheerline whilst giving access to the interior.
	3.09	Cockpits
**	3.09.1	Cockpits that self-drain quickly by gravity at all angles of heel and are
		permanently incorporated as an integral part of the boat
**	3.09.2	A cockpit sole at least 2% LWL above the waterline (or in IMS boats with First
**	3.09.3	Launch before 2003, at least 2% L above the waterline) A bow, lateral, central or stern well is a cockpit for the purposes of OSR 3.09
**	3.09.3 3.09.4	Cockpit Volume
**	5.05.1	The maximum combined volume below lowest coamings of all contained cockpits
		shall be:
Extract		primary launch before April 1992: 9% (LWL x maximum beam x freeboard
MoMu2,3,4 **		abreast the cockpit)
**	b)	primary launch after March 1992 as above for the appropriate category except
		that "lowest coamings" shall not include any aft of the FA station and no extension of a cockpit aft of the working deck shall be included in calculation of
		cockpit volume
	3.09.5	Cockpit Drains
**		Cockpit drain cross section area of unobstructed openings (after allowance for
		screens if fitted) shall be at least that of:
** **	a)	2 x 25 mm (1") diameter or equivalent for a boat less than 8.5 m (28') LH
4.4.	b) 3.10	4 x 20 mm (3/4") diameter or equivalent for a boat 8.5 m (28') LH or greater Sea Cocks or Valves
**	3.10.1	Permanently installed sea cocks or valves on all through-hull openings below the
	5.20.2	waterline except for integral deck scuppers and instrument through-hulls
	3.11	Sheet Winches
**		Sheet winches mounted in such a way that an operator is not required to be
	2.42	substantially below deck
**	3.12	Mast Step The heal of a keel stepped most securely fastened to the most step or adjaining
• •	3.12.1	The heel of a keel stepped mast securely fastened to the mast step or adjoining structure
	3.14	Pulpits, Stanchions, Lifelines
**	3.14.1	The perimeter of the deck surrounded by system of lifelines and pulpits as
		follows:
**	a)	Continuous lifelines fixed only at (or near) the bow and stern. However a gate on
		each side of a boat is permitted. Except at its end fittings and at gates, the
		movement of a lifeline in a fore-and-aft direction shall not be constrained. Temporary sleeving shall not modify tension in the lifeline.
		remporary siceving shall not mounty tension in the illetine.

**	b)	Minimum heights of lifelines and pulpit rails above the working deck and vertical openings:
**	i	upper: 600 mm (24")
**	ii	intermediate: 230 mm (9")
**	iii	vertical opening: no greater than 380 mm (15") except that on a boat with a Primary Launch before 1993 where it shall be no greater than 560 mm (22")
MoMu3,4	iv	a boat less than 8.5 m (28') LH may use a single lifeline system with a height between 450 mm (18") and 560 mm (22")
**	c)	Lifelines permanently supported at intervals of not more than 2.2 m (7'-2 1/2") and shall not pass outboard of supporting stanchions
**	d)	Pulpit and stanchion bases permanently installed with pulpits and stanchions mechanically retained in their bases
**	e)	The outside of pulpit and stanchion base tubes no further inboard from the edge of the working deck than 5% of maximum beam or 150 mm (6"), whichever is greater, nor further outboard than the edge of the working deck
**	f)	Stanchions straight and vertical except that:
**	i	within the first 50 mm (2") from the deck, stanchions shall not be displaced horizontally from the point at which they emerge from the deck or stanchion base by more than 10 mm (3/8")
**	ii	stanchions may be angled to not more than 10° from vertical at any point above 50 mm (2") from the deck
**	g)	A bow pulpit may be open provided the opening between the pulpit and any part of the boat does not exceed 360 mm (14")

**

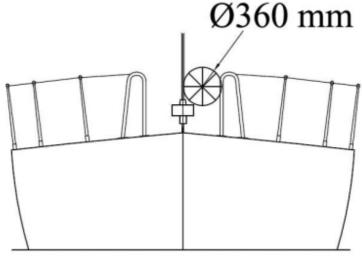


Figure 2 - Diagram Showing Pulpit Opening ** h) Lifelines may terminate at or pass through adequately braced stanchions set inside and overlapping the bow pulpit When a deflecting force of 4 kg (8.8 #) is applied to a lifeline at the mid-point of ** i) the longest span between supports that are aft of the mast, the deflection shall not exceed: ** 50 mm (2") for an upper or single lifeline i ** ii 120 mm (4 ¾") for an intermediate lifeline 3.14.3 Spare number Spare number 3.14.4 3,14.5 Spare number **Lifeline Specifications** 3.14.6 Lifelines of stranded stainless steel wire Mo0,1,2,3 3.14.6 a) 3.14.6 The minimum diameter is specified in table 8 below b) 3.14.6 Stainless steel lifelines shall be uncoated and used without close-fitting sleeving, c) however, temporary sleeving may be fitted provided it is regularly removed for

inspection.

**	3.14.6 d) 3.14.6	A lanyard of synthetic rope may be used to secure lifelines provided the gap it closes does not exceed 100 mm (4"). This lanyard shall be replaced annually All components of the lifeline enclosure system shall have a breaking strength no less than the lifeline		
	e) LH	Wire HMPE rope (Single HMPE Core (Braid on braid) braid)		
	under 8 8.5m -	3.5m (28') 3mm (1/8") 4mm (5/32") 4mm (5/32")		
	over 13 8")	3m (42' 5mm 5mm (3/16") 5mm (3/16") (3/16")		
Mo0,1,2,3	3.17 3.17.1	Toe Rail or Foot - Stop Permanently installed toe rail of minimum height 25 mm (1"), located as close as practicable to the stanchion bases, around the foredeck from abreast the mast		
Mo0,1,2,3	3.17.2	An additional lifeline of between 25-50 mm (1-2") high is permitted in lieu of a toe rail on a boat with Primary Launch before 1984.		
	3.18	Toilet		
MoMu3,4	3.18.2 3.19	Permanently installed toilet or fitted bucket Bunks		
MoMu1,2,3,4	3.19.2 3.20	Permanently installed bunks		
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.20.1	Cooking Facilities Permanently installed cooking stove, capable of being operated safely at sea, with fuel shutoff control		
	3.21	Drinking Water Tanks & Drinking Water		
	3.21.1	Drinking Water Tanks		
MoMu2,3	3.21.1	Permanently installed delivery pump and water tank(s)		
	3.21.3	Emergency Drinking Water		
MoMu1,2,3	3.21.3	At least 9 I (2.4 US Gal) of drinking water for emergency use in a dedicated and sealed container or container(s)		
**	3.22	Hand Holds		
	3.22.1	Adequate hand holds fitted below deck		
**	3.23 3.23.1	Bilge Pumps and Buckets two strong buckets, each with a lanyard and of at least 9 I (2.4 US Gal) capacity		
	3.23 3.23.1 a) 3.23.1	Bilge Pumps and Buckets		
**	3.23 3.23.1 a)	Bilge Pumps and Buckets two strong buckets, each with a lanyard and of at least 9 I (2.4 US Gal) capacity one permanently installed manual bilge pump All required permanently installed bilge pumps shall be operable with all cockpit seats, hatches and companionways shut and with permanently installed		
** Mo3Mu0,1,2 **	3.23 3.23.1 a) 3.23.1 b) 3.23.2	Bilge Pumps and Buckets two strong buckets, each with a lanyard and of at least 9 I (2.4 US Gal) capacity one permanently installed manual bilge pump All required permanently installed bilge pumps shall be operable with all cockpit seats, hatches and companionways shut and with permanently installed discharge pipe(s) of sufficient capacity		
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** Mo3Mu0,1,2 ** ** MoMu0,1,2,3 MoMu0,1,2,3,	3.23 3.23.1 a) 3.23.1 b) 3.23.2 3.23.3 3.23.4 3.23.5	Bilge Pumps and Buckets two strong buckets, each with a lanyard and of at least 9 I (2.4 US Gal) capacity one permanently installed manual bilge pump All required permanently installed bilge pumps shall be operable with all cockpit seats, hatches and companionways shut and with permanently installed discharge pipe(s) of sufficient capacity Bilge pumps shall not be connected to cockpit drains and shall not discharge into a Closed Cockpit Bilge pumps shall be readily accessible for maintenance and for clearing out debris All removable bilge pump handles retained by a lanyard Compass Marine magnetic compass capable of being used as a steering compass: Permanently installed marine magnetic steering compass, independent of any		
** Mo3Mu0,1,2 ** ** ** MoMu0,1,2,3	3.23 3.23.1 a) 3.23.1 b) 3.23.2 3.23.3 3.23.4 3.23.5 3.24 3.24	Bilge Pumps and Buckets two strong buckets, each with a lanyard and of at least 9 I (2.4 US Gal) capacity one permanently installed manual bilge pump All required permanently installed bilge pumps shall be operable with all cockpit seats, hatches and companionways shut and with permanently installed discharge pipe(s) of sufficient capacity Bilge pumps shall not be connected to cockpit drains and shall not discharge into a Closed Cockpit Bilge pumps shall be readily accessible for maintenance and for clearing out debris All removable bilge pump handles retained by a lanyard Compass Marine magnetic compass capable of being used as a steering compass:		
** Mo3Mu0,1,2 ** ** ** MoMu0,1,2,3 MoMu0,1,2,3,4 MoMu0,1,2,3,3	3.23 3.23.1 a) 3.23.1 b) 3.23.2 3.23.3 3.23.4 3.23.5 3.24 3.24 3.24 a) 3.24 b) 3.25	bilge Pumps and Buckets two strong buckets, each with a lanyard and of at least 9 I (2.4 US Gal) capacity one permanently installed manual bilge pump All required permanently installed bilge pumps shall be operable with all cockpit seats, hatches and companionways shut and with permanently installed discharge pipe(s) of sufficient capacity Bilge pumps shall not be connected to cockpit drains and shall not discharge into a Closed Cockpit Bilge pumps shall be readily accessible for maintenance and for clearing out debris All removable bilge pump handles retained by a lanyard Compass Marine magnetic compass capable of being used as a steering compass: Permanently installed marine magnetic steering compass, independent of any power supply, correctly adjusted with deviation card a second compass which may be hand-held and/or electronic Halyards.		
** Mo3Mu0,1,2 ** ** ** MoMu0,1,2,3 MoMu0,1,2,3,4	3.23 3.23.1 a) 3.23.1 b) 3.23.2 3.23.3 3.23.4 3.23.5 3.24 3.24 3.24 a) 3.25 3.25	bilge Pumps and Buckets two strong buckets, each with a lanyard and of at least 9 I (2.4 US Gal) capacity one permanently installed manual bilge pump All required permanently installed bilge pumps shall be operable with all cockpit seats, hatches and companionways shut and with permanently installed discharge pipe(s) of sufficient capacity Bilge pumps shall not be connected to cockpit drains and shall not discharge into a Closed Cockpit Bilge pumps shall be readily accessible for maintenance and for clearing out debris All removable bilge pump handles retained by a lanyard Compass Marine magnetic compass capable of being used as a steering compass: Permanently installed marine magnetic steering compass, independent of any power supply, correctly adjusted with deviation card a second compass which may be hand-held and/or electronic Halyards. A minimum of two halyards, each capable of hoisting a sail, on each mast		
** Mo3Mu0,1,2 ** ** ** MoMu0,1,2,3 MoMu0,1,2,3,4 MoMu0,1,2,3,3	3.23 3.23.1 a) 3.23.1 b) 3.23.2 3.23.3 3.23.4 3.23.5 3.24 3.24 3.24 a) 3.24 b) 3.25	bilge Pumps and Buckets two strong buckets, each with a lanyard and of at least 9 I (2.4 US Gal) capacity one permanently installed manual bilge pump All required permanently installed bilge pumps shall be operable with all cockpit seats, hatches and companionways shut and with permanently installed discharge pipe(s) of sufficient capacity Bilge pumps shall not be connected to cockpit drains and shall not discharge into a Closed Cockpit Bilge pumps shall be readily accessible for maintenance and for clearing out debris All removable bilge pump handles retained by a lanyard Compass Marine magnetic compass capable of being used as a steering compass: Permanently installed marine magnetic steering compass, independent of any power supply, correctly adjusted with deviation card a second compass which may be hand-held and/or electronic Halyards. A minimum of two halyards, each capable of hoisting a sail, on each mast Navigation Lights mounted above sheerline and so that they will not be masked by sails or the		
** Mo3Mu0,1,2 ** ** ** MoMu0,1,2,3 MoMu0,1,2,3,4 MoMu0,1,2,3 **	3.23 3.23.1 a) 3.23.1 b) 3.23.2 3.23.3 3.23.4 3.23.5 3.24 3.24 a) 3.24 b) 3.25 3.25 3.27	bilge Pumps and Buckets two strong buckets, each with a lanyard and of at least 9 I (2.4 US Gal) capacity one permanently installed manual bilge pump All required permanently installed bilge pumps shall be operable with all cockpit seats, hatches and companionways shut and with permanently installed discharge pipe(s) of sufficient capacity Bilge pumps shall not be connected to cockpit drains and shall not discharge into a Closed Cockpit Bilge pumps shall be readily accessible for maintenance and for clearing out debris All removable bilge pump handles retained by a lanyard Compass Marine magnetic compass capable of being used as a steering compass: Permanently installed marine magnetic steering compass, independent of any power supply, correctly adjusted with deviation card a second compass which may be hand-held and/or electronic Halyards. A minimum of two halyards, each capable of hoisting a sail, on each mast Navigation Lights mounted above sheerline and so that they will not be masked by sails or the heeling of the boat having light intensity meeting COLREGS. When incandescent bulbs are used the		
** Mo3Mu0,1,2 ** ** MoMu0,1,2,3 MoMu0,1,2,3,4 MoMu0,1,2,3 ** **	3.23 3.23.1 a) 3.23.1 b) 3.23.2 3.23.3 3.23.4 3.23.5 3.24 3.24 a) 3.24 b) 3.25 3.25 3.27 3.27.1	bilge Pumps and Buckets two strong buckets, each with a lanyard and of at least 9 I (2.4 US Gal) capacity one permanently installed manual bilge pump All required permanently installed bilge pumps shall be operable with all cockpit seats, hatches and companionways shut and with permanently installed discharge pipe(s) of sufficient capacity Bilge pumps shall not be connected to cockpit drains and shall not discharge into a Closed Cockpit Bilge pumps shall be readily accessible for maintenance and for clearing out debris All removable bilge pump handles retained by a lanyard Compass Marine magnetic compass capable of being used as a steering compass: Permanently installed marine magnetic steering compass, independent of any power supply, correctly adjusted with deviation card a second compass which may be hand-held and/or electronic Halyards. A minimum of two halyards, each capable of hoisting a sail, on each mast Navigation Lights mounted above sheerline and so that they will not be masked by sails or the heeling of the boat		

**	3.27.2 b)	For LH 12 m (39'-4") and greater, 25 W
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.27.3	reserve lights having the same specifications as above, and that can be powered independently
**	3.27.4	spare bulbs (not required for LED)
	3.28	Engines, Generators, Fuel
**	3.28.1 3.28.1	Propulsion Engines engines and associated systems installed in accordance with their manufacturers'
	a)	guidelines and suitable for the size and intended use of the boat
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.28.1	an engine which provides a minimum speed in knots of (1.8 x \sqrt{LWL} in metres)
1101100,1,2,3	b)	or (√ LWL in feet)
Mo3	3.28.1	either an inboard or outboard engine, with associated tanks and fuel supply
	c)	systems, all securely fastened
**	3.28.1	an inboard engine shall have a permanently installed exhaust, cooling system,
	d)	fuel supply, fuel tank(s) and shall have adequate heavy weather protection
	3.28.2	Generator
**	3.28.2	If an optional generator separate from the propulsion engine is carried, it shall be
		installed in accordance with the manufacturer's guidelines
MaM0 1 2 2	3.28.3	Fuel Systems
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.28.3	All fuel tanks shall be rigid (but may have permanently installed flexible linings) and shall have a shutoff valve
MoMu0,1,2,3	a) 3.28.3	At the start a boat shall carry sufficient fuel to meet charging requirements for
1101100,1,2,3	b)	the duration of the race and to motor at the above minimum speed for at least 8
	J)	hours
	3.28.4	Battery Systems
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.28.4	a dedicated engine starting battery when an electric starter is the only method
	a)	for starting the engine
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.28.4	batteries installed after 2011 shall be of the sealed type from which liquid
	b)	electrolyte cannot escape
MaMuO 1 2 2	3.29	Communications Equipment, GPS, Radar, AIS
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.29.01	a marine radio transceiver with an emergency antenna when the regular antenna depends upon the mast
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.29.02	if the marine radio transceiver is a VHF:
MoMu0,1,2,3		a minimum rated output power of 25 W
, , ,	a)	
MoMu3	3.29.02	a masthead antenna and co-axial feeder cable with not more than 40% power
	b)	loss
MoMu1,2,3	3.29.02	be DSC capable if installed after 2015
MoMu1,2,3	c) 3.29.02	DSC capable VHF transceivers shall be programmed with an assigned MMSI
141014111,2,3	d)	(unique to the boat), be connected to a GPS receiver and be capable of making
	u)	distress alert calls as well as sending and receiving a DSC position report with
		another DSC equipped station
MoMu1,2,3,4	3.29.05	a hand-held marine VHF transceiver, watertight or with a waterproof cover.
		When not in use to be stowed in a grab bag or emergency container (see OSR
		4.21)
**	3.29.06	a second radio receiver, which may be the handheld VHF in 3.29.5 above,
MaMu2	2 20 00	capable of receiving weather bulletins
MoMu3	3.29.08 PORTARI	a GPS E EQUIPMENT
SECTION 4	FORTABL	A boat shall have:
	4.01	Sail Letters & Numbers
**	4.01.1	Identification on sails which complies with RRS 77 and RRS Appendix G
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.01.2	An alternative means of displaying identification as required under RRS Appendix
		G for a mainsail, to be displayed when none of the numbered sails are set
	4.02	Search and Rescue Visibility
ataut.	4.03	Soft Wood Plugs
**	4.03.1	A tapered soft wood plug stowed adjacent to every through-hull opening

	4.04	Jackstays and Clipping Points
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04	Permanently Installed fittings for jackstay ends and clipping points
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.1	Jackstays which shall:
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.1	be independent on each side of the deck
	a)	·
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.1	enable a crewmember to move readily between the working areas on deck and
	b)	the cockpit(s) with the minimum of clipping and unclipping operations
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.1	have a breaking strength of 2040 kg (4500#) and be uncoated and non-sleeved
	c)	stainless steel 1 x 19 wire of minimum diameter 5 mm (3/16"), webbing or HMPE
		rope
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.2	Clipping points which shall:
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.2	be adjacent to stations such as the helm, sheet winches and masts, where
	a)	crewmembers work
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.2	enable a crewmember to clip on before coming on deck and unclip after going
MaMO 1 2 2	b)	below
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.2	enable two-thirds of the crew to be simultaneously clipped on without depending
	c) 4.05	on jackstays Fire Fighting Equipment
**	4.05.1	A fire blanket adjacent to every cooking device with an open flame
MoMu1,2,3	4.05.2	2 fire extinguishers, each with 2 kg each of dry powder or equivalent, in different
11011111,2,5	1.05.2	parts of the boat
	4.06	Anchors
MoMu1,2,3	4.06	2 un-modified anchors that meet the anchor manufacturer's recommendation
, , -		based on the boat's dimensions with suitable combination of chain and rope,
		ready for immediate assembly, and ready for deployment within 5 minutes
		except that for a boat less than 8.5 m (28') LH there shall be 1 anchor meeting
		the same criteria.
	4.07	Flashlights and Searchlights
**	4.07	Watertight lights with spare batteries and bulbs as follows:
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.07 a)	a searchlight, suitable for searching for a person overboard at night and for
		collision avoidance
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.07 b)	a flashlight in addition to 4.07 a)
at at	4.08	First Aid Manual and First Aid Kit
**	4.08.1	A First Aid Manual and First Aid Kit. The contents and storage of the First Aid Kit
		shall reflect the likely conditions and duration of the passage, and the number of
	4.00	Crew Factorian
**	4.09 4.09.1	Foghorn A foghorn
	4.10	Radar Reflector
**	4.10.1	A passive radar reflector with:
**	4.10.1	octahedral circular plates of minimum diameter 30 cm (12"), or
	a)	octanical an encolar places of minimum diameter 50 cm (12), or
**	4.10.1	octahedral rectangular plates of minimum diagonal dimension 40 cm (16"), or
	b)	3 1 7 7
**	4.10.1	a non-octahedral reflector with a documented Root Mean Square minimum Radar
	c)	Cross Section (RCS) area of 2 m ² (22 ft ²) from 0-360° of azimuth and ±20° of
		heel
	4.11	Navigation Equipment
**	4.11.1	Navigational charts (not solely electronic), light list and chart plotting equipment
alast.	4.12	Safety Equipment Location Chart
**	4.12.1	A safety equipment location diagram in durable waterproof material, clearly
		displayed in the main accommodation, marked with the location of principal
	4 12	items of safety equipment
MaMun 1 2 2	4.13	Depth, Speed and Distance Instruments A knotmeter or distance measuring instrument (log)
MoMu0,1,2,3 MoMu,1,2,3,4	4.13.1 4.13.2	A knotmeter or distance measuring instrument (log) A depth sounder
17101710,1,2,3,4	4.13.2 4.14	Spare Number
	4.15	Emergency Steering
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.15.1	An emergency tiller capable of being fitted to the rudder stock except when the

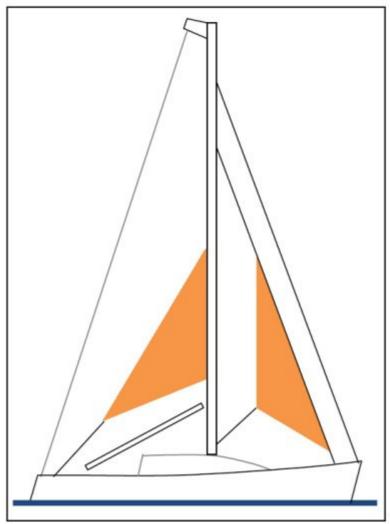
MaMaro 1 2 2	4 1 5 2	principal method of steering is by means of an				•
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.15.2 4.16	A proven method of emergency steering with t Tools and Spare Parts	ne ruaa	er aisai	biea	
**	4.16.1	Tools and spare parts, suitable for the duration	and na	ture of	the pass	age
**	4.16.2	An effective means to quickly disconnect or sev				
		boat				
alada.	4.17	Boat's name				
**	4.17.1	The boat's name on miscellaneous buoyant equ	•	, such	as lifejack	kets,
	4.18	cushions, lifebuoys, recovery slings, grab bags Retro-reflective material	etc.			
**	4.18	Marine grade retro-reflective material on lifebu	ovs. rec	overv s	linas life	rafts and
	20	lifejackets	0,0, .00	0.0., 0	,go, c	i ai to ai ia
	4.19	EPIRBs				
	4.20	Liferafts				
MaMud 2	4.20.1	Liferaft Construction	i b . L -			+ + + h
MoMu1,2	4.20.1	One or more inflatable liferafts with a total cap total number of people on board which complie	-	accom	modate a	t least the
MoMu1,2	a) 4.20.1	SOLAS LSA Code 1997 Chapter IV or later vers				
110114172	a) i	Solito Lori Gode 1997 Chapter IV of later Vero	1011, 01			
MoMu1,2	4.20.1	ISO 9650-1:2005, Type 1, Group A - Small Cra	ft - Infla	itable;	or	
	a) ii					
MoMu1,2	4.20.1	ISAF liferafts manufactured before 2016 until r	eplacem	ent is	due at en	d of
MoMu1,2	a) iii 4.20.1	service life; or ORC liferafts manufactured before 2003 until re	anlacom	ont ic d	due at en	d of
141014111,2	a) iv	service life	еріасен	CIIC IS C	aue at en	u oi
	4.20.2	Minimum Liferaft Equipment				
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.2	A SOLAS liferaft shall contain as a minimum a S	SOLAS A	A pack;		
	a)					
MuMo2	4.20.2	An ISO 9650 liferaft shall contain as a minimun	n Pack 2	2 (less t	than 24 h	our pack);
MoMu1,2	c) 4.20.2	The minimum contents of the ISO liferaft equip	ment n	acks ar	e listed h	elow. Not
110110172	d)	all items are necessarily packed within the lifer				
	•	be carried within an accompanying waterproof	grab ba	g whic	h shall be	e in a
	F	readily accessible location:	Dl-	Dl-	T.,	T.,
	Equipm	ent	Pack 1	Pack 2	In liferaft	In liferaft
			>	<	IIICIAIL	or in
			24h	24h		grab
						bag
		e buoyant baler easily operable by hand	1	1	X	
	Sponge		2	2	X	
		buoyant paddles with handles (not mitts) tied tadjacent to an entrance	1	1	Χ	
		d Kit including at least 2 tubes of sunscreen. All	1	0		Χ
		gs must be capable of being effectively used in	_	-		
	wet cor	nditions. The first aid kit shall be clearly marked				
		all be re-sealable.				
	Whistle		1 2	1 1	X X	
	•	roof torch with 6 h duration and separate and bulb or complementary torch	2	1	Χ	
	-	ng mirror	1	1	Χ	
	_	asickness pills, per person	6	6		Χ
	Seasick	ness bag with simple effective closure system,	1	1		Χ
	per per		_	2	2 .	V
		nd flares in accordance with SOLAS LSA Code r III, 3.2	6	3	3 min	X
	-	rachute flares in accordance with SOLAS LSA	2	2	1 min	Χ
	-	hapter III, 3.1	_	_		
		al protective aids in accordance with SOLAS LSA	2	0		Χ

	Code C	hapter III, 2.5				
	or all of must w	outfit to enable survivors to repair leaks in any f the inflatable compartments. Repair systems ork when wet and be capable of being applied violent motion.	1	1	X	
	Air pun comple shall be instant of the i bellows	ap or bellows which shall be simple, robust and te, with all necessary connections (loose parts e captive to the main apparatus) ready for use to enable air to be pumped into any or all inflatable compartments. The air pump or is shall be designed and built specifically for peration by hand	1	1	X	
	Drinkin	g water per person, in containers of each not	1.5 L	0	0.5 L	Xa
		nan 500mL er person	10 000 kJ	0		X
		ing water in the grab bag (if any) may be	10			
MoMu1,2	replace 4.20.2 d) i	d with a desalinator device Portable buoyant bailer easily operable by hand	d			
MoMu1,2	4.20.2 d)ii	2 sponges				
MoMu1,2	4.20.2 d)iii	Pair of buoyant paddles with handles (not mitts entrance	s) tied in	nto raft	adjacent	t to an
MoMu1,2	4.20.2 d)iv	Whistle				
MoMu2	4.20.2 d)v	Waterproof torch with 6 h duration and				
MoMu2	4.20.2 d)vi	Spare waterproof torch or spare battery and bu	ılb			
MoMu1,2	4.20.2 d)vii	Signalling mirror				
MoMu1,2	4.20.2 d)viii	6 anti-seasickness pills per person *				
MoMu1,2	4.20.2 d)ix	Seasickness bag per person, each with a simple	e, effect	tive, clo	osure syst	tem *
MoMu2	4.20.2 d)x	3 hand flares in accordance with SOLAS LSA C	ode Cha	apter I	II, 3.2.	
MoMu1,2	4.20.2 d)xi	2 red parachute flares in accordance with SOLA may be stowed in the grab bag.	AS LSA (Code C	hapter II	I, 3.1. 1
MoMu1,2	4.20.2 d)xii	Kit to repair leaks in most inflatable compartment and during violent motion	ents, op	erable	in wet co	nditions
MoMu1,2	4.20.2 d)xiii	Hand operable air pump, capable of and ready compartments. Loose parts captive to the pum		nediate	use to in	nflate most
MoMu1,2	4.20.3	* may be packed in grab bag instead of liferaf Liferaft Packing and Stowage				
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.3 a)	Each liferaft shall be packed either in:-				
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.3 a) i	a rigid container securely stowed on the workir open space; or:-	ng deck,	, in the	cockpit c	or in an
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.3 a) ii	a rigid container or valise securely stowed in a containing liferaft and abandon ship equipment and opens onto the cockpit or working deck, or	only v	vhich is	_	
MoMu1,2	4.20.3 b)	In a boat with primary launch before June 200: valise not exceeding 40 kg securely stowed bel companionway	1, a lifei	raft ma		ked in a
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.3 c)	On a multihull or on a monohull with moveable deployable whether or not the boat is inverted	ballast	the life	eraft shall	be readily

MoMu0,1,2	4.20.3 d)	The end of each liferaft painter should be securely	fastened to the boat
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.3 e)	Each raft shall be capable of being got to the lifelines or launched within a seconds	
	4.20.4	Spare Number	
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5	Liferaft Servicing	
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5	A liferaft shall be serviced at a manufacturer author	orized service station at the
, ,	a)	following maximum intervals:	
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5	SOLAS liferafts annually	
	a) i		
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5	ISO 9650 canister packed liferafts every 3 years	
1 101 100/1/2	a) ii	150 5050 carrister packed merants every 5 years	
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5	ISO 9650 valise packed liferafts every 3 years exce	ent that hired liferafts shall he
1 101 100,1,2	a) iii	serviced annually	ept that fill ca illeraits shall be
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5	ISAF liferafts annually	
1101140,1,2	a) iv	15Ai illerarts armaany	
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5	ORC liferafts annually	
1401400,1,2	a) v	ONC merans armuany	
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5	Servicing certificates (original or a copy) on board	
1401400,1,2		Servicing Certificates (original of a copy) of board	
	b) 4.21	Grab Bags	
**	4.21 f)	If a grab bag is provided it shall have inherent flot	ation at least 0.1 m2 (1 ft2)
	7.211)	area of fluorescent orange colour on the outside, s	,
		of the boat, and shall have a lanyard and clip	shall be marked with the name
	4.22	Crew Overboard Identification and Recovery	
	4.22 4.22.1	Locator Beacons	
	4.22.2	GPS Crew Overboard Position	
MoMu3,4	4.22.3	a lifebuoy with a self-igniting light, a whistle and a	drogue within reach of the
ד,כטויוטויו	7.22.3	helmsman and ready for immediate use	drogue within reach of the
**	4.22.6	Each inflatable lifebuoy and any automatic device	shall be tested and serviced at
	7.22.0	intervals in accordance with its manufacturer's inst	
**	4.22.7		
	4.22.7	A heaving line, no less than 6 mm (1/4")diameter,	13 - 25 III (50 - 75) long,
MaMuO 1 2 2	4 22 0	readily accessible to cockpit	
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.22.8 4.22.8	A recovery sling which includes a: buoyant line of length no less than the shorter of	1 times I H or 26m (1201)
MoMu0,1,2,3		buoyant line of length no less than the shorter of	4 times Lif of 30ff (120)
MoMu0,1,2,3	a) 4.22.8	buoyancy section (horseshoe) with no less than 90) N (20#) buoyancy
1401410,1,2,3	b)	buoyancy section (norseshoe) with no less than 90	TN (20#) buoyancy
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.22.9	minimum strength capable to hoist a crewmember	ahoard
1401410,1,2,3	c)	minimum strength capable to noist a crewmember	aboard
	4.23	Pyrotechnic and Light Signals	
**	4.23 4.23.1	Pyrotechnic signals shall be provided conforming to	o SOLAS ISA Codo Chapter III
	4.23.1	Visual Signals and not older than the stamped exp	
			ily date (il ally) of il tio expiry
	Paca C	date stamped , not older than 4 years. ategory Red Hand Flares LSA III 3.2 Orange	e Smoke Flares LSA III 3.3
		5 /	e Silloke Flates LSA III 3.3
	MoMu0 MoMu4		
	4.24		
	4.24 4.25	Spare Number Cockpit Knife	
**	4.25 4.25.1	•	ained chall be provided readily
	7.25.1	A strong, sharp knife, sheathed and securely restra	anicu shan be provided readily
		accessible from the deck or a cockpit.	

4.26 **Storm & Heavy Weather Sails**

Design Figure 3 4.26.1



**	4.26.1 a)	The material of the body of a storm sail purchased after 2013 shall have a highly-visible colour (e.g. dayglo pink, orange or yellow)
**	4.26.1 b)	Aromatic polyamides, carbon and similar fibres shall not be used in a trysail or storm jib but HMPE and similar materials are permitted
**	4.26.1 c)	Sheeting positions on deck for each storm and heavy-weather sail
**	4.26.1 d)	Sheeting positions for the trysail independent of the boom
**	,	
	4.26.2	Sail Areas
**	4.26.2	The maximum area of storm sails shall be lesser of the areas below or as specified by the boat designer or sailmaker
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.26.2 a)	A heavy-weather jib (or heavy-weather sail in a boat with no forestay) with:
**	4.26.2 a) i	area of 13.5% height of the foretriangle (IG) squared
**	4.26.2 a) ii	readily available means, independent of a luff groove, to attach to the stay
**	4.26.2 c)	For sails made after 2011: Storm and heavy weather jib areas calculated as: (0.255×1) luff length $\times (1)$ (luff perpendicular + 2 x half width))
MoMu3	4.26.2 d) vii 4.28 4.29	either a storm trysail as defined in OSR 4.26.2 d), or mainsail reefing to reduce the luff by at least 40% Spare Number Deck Bags

**		SECTION 5 - PERSONAL EQUIPMENT
<i>ተ</i> ተ	5.01	Each crew member shall have: Lifejacket
**	5.01.1	A lifejacket which shall:
**	5.01.1	, t in ejuence: trineir enam
	a)	
**	5.01.1	if manufactured before 2012 comply with ISO 12402 - 3 (Level 150) or
	a)i)	equivalent, including EN 396 or UL 1180 and:
**	5.01.1	if inflatable have a gas inflation system
**	a)i)	have evaled /thick strong (vide up averanties evales (DLIDC))
77	5.01.1 a)i)	have crotch/thigh straps (ride up prevention system (RUPS))
**	5.01.1	if manufactured after 2011 comply with ISO 12402-3 (Level 150) and be fitted
	a) ii	with a whistle, lifting loop, reflective material automatic/manual gas inflation
		system
**	5.01.1	crotch/thigh straps (ride up prevention system (RUPS))
MaMuO 1 2 2	a) ii 5.01.1	have an emergency position indicating light in accordance with either ICO 12402
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.01.1 b)	have an emergency position indicating light in accordance with either ISO 12402-8 or SOLAS LSA code 2.2.3
**	5.01.1	be clearly marked with the boat's or wearer's name
	c)	
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.01.1	have a sprayhood in accordance with ISO 12402-8
	d)	
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.01.2	A boat shall carry at least one gas inflatable lifejacket spare cylinder and, if
**	5.01.4	appropriate, spare activation head for each type of lifejacket on board. The person in charge shall personally check each lifejacket at least once
	3.01.4	annually.
	5.02	Safety Harness and Tethers
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.1	A harness that complies with ISO 12401 or equivalent
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.2	A tether that shall:
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.2	comply with ISO 12401 or equivalent
MaM.:0 1 2 2	a)	not exceed 2 m (C/ C//) including the length of the heale
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.2 b)	not exceed 2 m (6'-6") including the length of the hooks
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.2	have self-closing hooks
	c)	The second second second
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.2	have overload indicator flag embedded in the stitching
	d)	
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.1	be manufactured after 2000
MoMu0,1,2,3	e) 5.02.3	All of the crew shall have either:
MoMu0,1,2,3	a)	a tether not exceeding 1m(3'3") including the length of the hooks, or
MoMu0,1,2,3	b)	an intermediate self-closing hook on a 2 m (6'-6") tether
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.4	A tether which has been overloaded shall be replaced
	5.07	Survival Equipment
MaMera	C 01 2	SECTION 6 - TRAINING
MoMu3	6.01.3	When there are only two crewmembers, at least one shall have undertaken training within the five years before the start of the race in OSR 6.02 Training
		Topics
	6.02	Training Topics
	6.03	Spare Number
	6.04	Routine Training On-Board
**	6.04	At least annually the crews shall practice the drills for:
**	6.04 6.04	Crew-Overboard Recovery Abandonment of vessel
· •	6.04 6.05	Medical Training
MoMu3,4	6.05.3	At least one member of the crew shall be familiar with First Aid procedures,
,	-	hypothermia, drowning, cardio-pulmonary resuscitation and relevant
		communications systems

6.06 Diving Training

APPENDICES TO SPECIAL REGULATIONS

Appendix A - Moveable and Variable Ballast

Appendix B - For Inshore Racing

Appendix C - For Inshore Dinghy Racing

Appendix D - A guide to ISO and other Standards

Appendix E - World Sailing Code for the organisation of Oceanic Races

Appendix F - Standard Inspection Card

Appendix G - Model Training Course

Appendix H - Model First Aid Training Course

Appendix J - Hypothermia

Appendix K - Drogues and sea anchors

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